



UNIVERSITAS GADJAH MADA

Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

Mathematics Department

Sekip Utara Bulaksumur Yogyakarta 55281 Telp: +62 274 552243 Fax: +62 274 555131 Email: math@ugm.ac.id Website: <http://math.fmipa.ugm.ac.id>

Undergraduate Programme in Mathematics

Telp : +62 274 552243

Email : maths1@ugm.ac.id; kaprodi-s1-matematika.mipa@ugm.ac.id

sekprodi-s1-matematika.mipa@ugm.ac.id

Website : <http://s1math.fmipa.ugm.ac.id/>

MODULE HANDBOOK

| | |
|---|---|
| Module name | Introduction to Ergodic Theory |
| Module level, if applicable | Bachelor |
| Code, if applicable | MMM-4303 |
| Subtitle, if applicable | - |
| Courses, if applicable | Introduction to Ergodic Theory |
| Semester(s) in which the module is taught | 7 th (seventh) |
| Person responsible for the module | Chair of the Lab. Mathematical Computation |
| Lecturers | Prof. Dr.rer.nat. Widodo, M.S. |
| Language | Bahasa Indonesia |
| Relation to curriculum | Elective course in the fourth year (7 th semester) Bachelor Degree |
| Type of teaching, contact hours | 150 minutes lectures and 180 minutes structured activities per week. |
| Workload | Total workload is 136 hours per semester, which consists of 150 minutes lectures per week for 14 weeks, 180 minutes structured activities per week, 180 minutes individual study per week, in total is 16 weeks per semester, including mid exam and final exam. |
| Credit points | 3 |
| Requirements according to the examination regulations | Students have taken Introduction to Ergodic Theory course (MMM-4303), have attendance at least 75%, and have an examination card where the course is stated on. |
| Recommended prerequisites | Students have taken Dynamical System course (MMM-3306) and have participated in the final exam of the module. |
| Module objectives/intended learning outcomes | After completing this course, the students should have ability: CO 1. Understanding measure, general measure spaces, integral with respect to general measure, signed measure, Radon-Nikodym Theorem, Cesaro, Weak, and Strong Convergence on L^p . CO 2. Explaining Markov Operator, Perron-Frobenius Operator and Koopman Operator, Ergodicity, Mixing, Exactnes and Its Classification, CO 3. Explaining Classification of Functions with Perron-Frobenius Operators and Koopman Operator. CO 4. Explain and prove the Asymtocal Stability of Markov Operator and Asymtocal Stability of Frobenius-Perron Operator Induced by Expanding Piecewise Liner Functions. CO 5. Understanding and Explaining Boltzman Entropy. Boltzman Entropy $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$ with Markov Operator P . Boltzman Entropy $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$ with Perron-Frobenius Operator P . Explaining the Behavior $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$ on Boltzman Entropy $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$. |
| Content | Measure and general measure spaces, integral with respect to general measure, signed measure and Radon-Nikodym Theorem, Cesaro, Weak, and Strong Convergence on L^p . Markov Operator, Perron-Frobenius Operator and Koopman Operator. Ergodicity, Mixing, Exactnes and Its Classification. Classification of Functions with Perron-Frobenius Operators and Koopman Operator. Asymtocal Stability of Markov Operator. Asymtocal Stability of Frobenius-Perron Operator Induced by Expanding Piecewise Linear Functions. Boltzman Entropy. Boltzman Entropy $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$ with Markov Operator P . Boltzman Entropy $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$ with Perron-Frobenius Operator P . Behavior $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$ on Boltzman Entropy $H(P^{\{n\}}f)$. |

| Study and examination requirements and forms of examination | <p>The final mark will be weighted as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No</th> <th>Assessment methods (components, activities)</th> <th>Weight (percentage)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Final Examination</td> <td>40%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Mid-Term Examination</td> <td>30%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Class Activities: Quiz, Homework, etc.</td> <td>30%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The initial cut-off points for grades A, B, C, and D should not be less than 80%, 70%, 50%, and 40%, respectively.</p> | No | Assessment methods (components, activities) | Weight (percentage) | 1 | Final Examination | 40% | 2 | Mid-Term Examination | 30% | 3 | Class Activities: Quiz, Homework, etc. | 30% |
|---|---|---------------------|---|---------------------|---|-------------------|-----|---|----------------------|-----|---|--|-----|
| No | Assessment methods (components, activities) | Weight (percentage) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Final Examination | 40% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Mid-Term Examination | 30% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Class Activities: Quiz, Homework, etc. | 30% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Media employed | White Board, LCD Projector, Laptop/Computer, MATLAB or Worlframalpha | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reading List | <p>Compulsory Reading:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lasota, A., and Mackey, M.C., 1994, Chaos, Fractals, and Noise, Stochastic Aspect of Dynamics, second edition, Springer-Verlag New York Inc. 2. Walters, P., 1982, An Introduction to Ergodic Theory, Graduate Text in Mathematics, Springer-Verlag New York Inc. <p>Recommended Reading:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Taylor, S.R., 2004, Probabilistic Properties of Delay Differential Equations, A Ph.D Thesis Presented to the University of Waterloo in Fulfillment of the Thesis Requirement for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Applied Mathematics, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada. http://www.math.uwaterloo.ca/~sr2taylo 2. Smyth, M.R.F., 2002. A Spectral Theoretic Proof of Perron-Frobenius. Mathematical Pro-ceedings of The Royal Irish Academy, 102 A. 3. Ding, J., 1998. The Point Spectrum of Frobenius-Perron and Koopman Operators. Proceeding of the American Mathematical Society Vol. 126, No. 5, 1355-1361. http://www.ams.org/1998-126-05/S0002-9939-98-04188-4/home.html 4. Royden, H.L., 1989, Real Analysis, Third edition, Macmillan Publishing Company, New York. 5. Jablonski, M., 1984. On Convergence of Iterates of The Frobenius-Perron Operator. http://www.im.uj.edu.pl/actam/pdf/24-7-13.pdf <p>8. Widodo, 2012. Diktat Kuliah Teori Ergodik (Ergodic Theory). Departemen Matematika FMIPA UGM.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PLO and CO Mapping

| | PLO 1 | PLO 2 | PLO 3 | PLO 4 | PLO 5 | PLO 6 | PLO 7 | PLO 8 | PLO 9 |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CO 1 | | | | | | v | | | v |
| CO 2 | | | | | | v | | | v |
| CO 3 | | | | | v | v | | | |
| CO 4 | | | | | v | v | | | v |
| CO 5 | | | | | v | | | | v |